



MODY LAS

tutorial

11th CMSI young researcher technical workshop

Yoshimichi Andoh

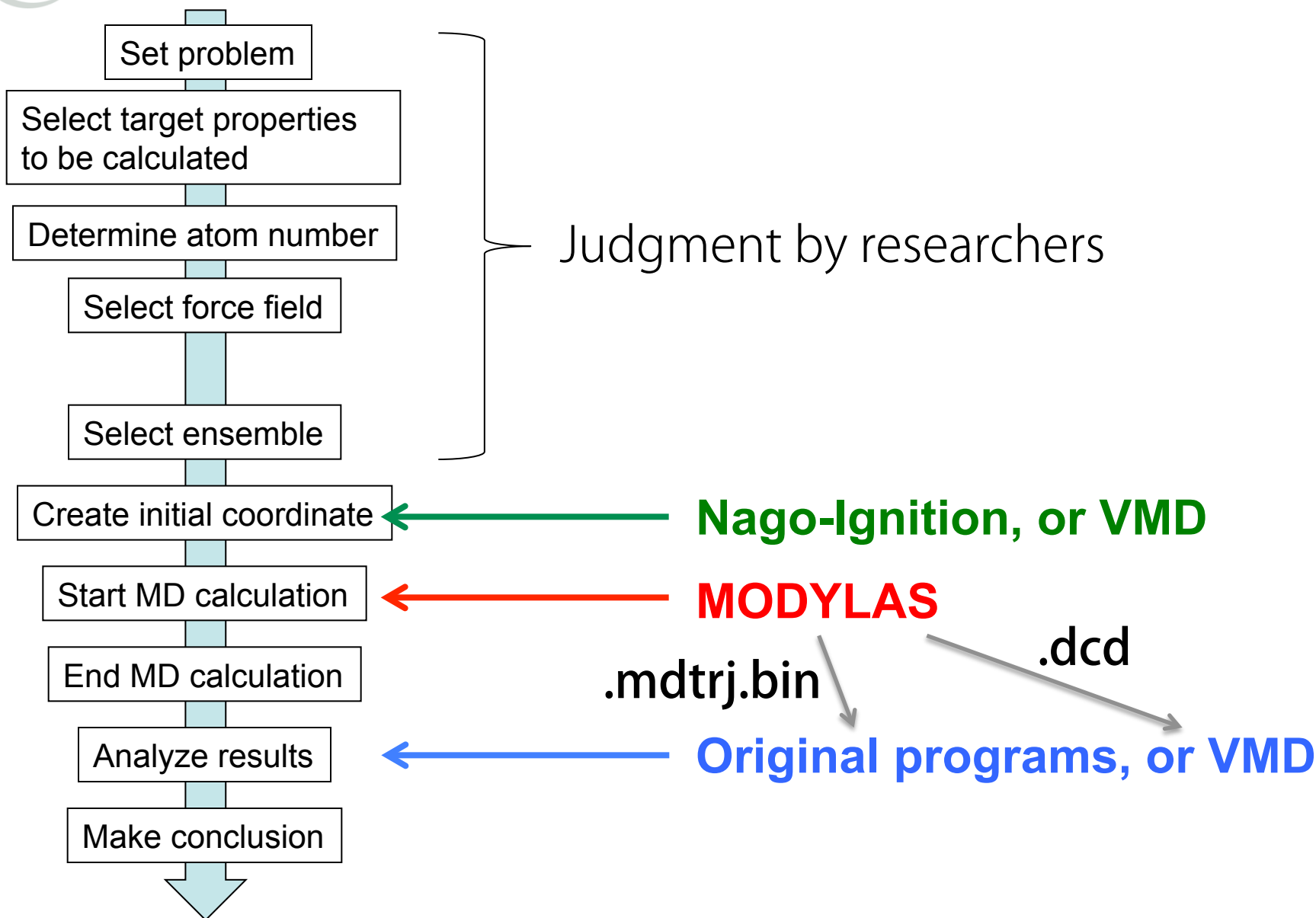
Center for Computational Science (CCS),
Nagoya University



4-6th, Feb, 2015



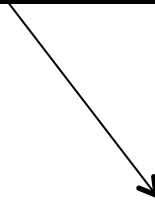
Procedure of research by MD calculation





Outline of Nano-Ignition

- **Software to prepare a set of input files for MODYLAS**
(... and RSDFT/TAPP ??)



sessionname.mddef
sessionname.mdff
sessionname.mdxyz

- **Developed in “NAREGI” project**

- **Language**

C (without parallelization)

- **Source code**

Available at www.nano-ignition.ims.ac.jp

Newest version is 2.2.20

- **License**

User registration system; Prohibition of redistribution; Obligation of literature citation (more detail, see web page)



Download Nano-Ignition



Click "Download" tag



Registration & log in



ダウンロード

種類
- すべて - 適用

種類	バージョン	ファイル
Windows	2.2.20	Ignition-2.2.20.exe
Source	2.2.20	ignition-2.2.20.tar.gz
Windows	2.2.19	Ignition-2.2.19.exe
Source	2.2.19	ignition-2.2.19.tar.gz
Windows	2.2.18	Ignition-2.2.18.exe
Source	2.2.18	ignition-2.2.18.tar.gz
Source	2.2.17	ignition-2.2.17.tar.gz

Open link for download

Binary for Windows

Source code+document

*Compiled binary is already installed on phi, psi

Nano-Ignition: compilation

Go to the untar-zipped folder

>cd ignition-2.2.20/

Set of compilation environment

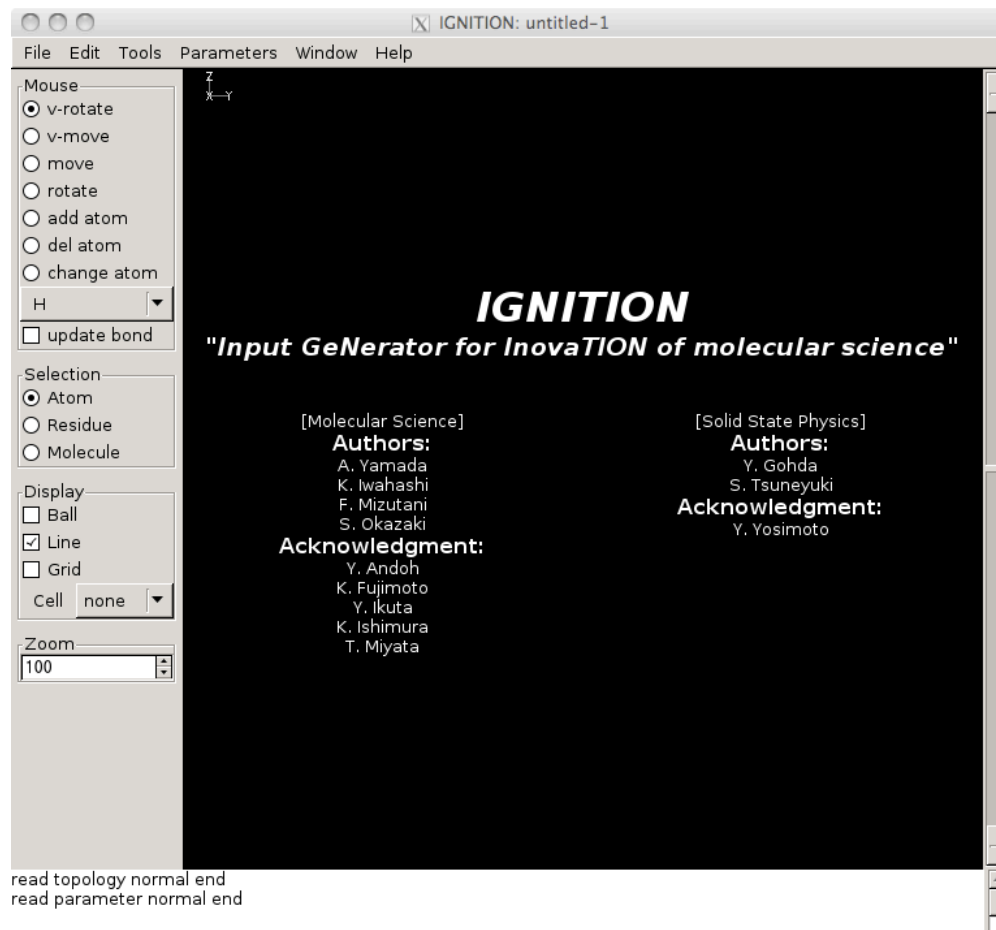
>./configure

Compile

>make

Start up

>./ignition/ignition



Pre-compiled binary is available in this lecture by

>source /opt/MateriApps/ignition/ignitionvars.sh

>source /home/materiapps/ignition/ignitionvars.sh

>ignition

psi

phi

Nano-Ignition: I/O structure

Molecule coordinate file

.pdb

Ex) water.pdb



CHARMM

Topology file

Ex) top_all22_prot.rtf



CHARMM

Parameter file

Ex) par_all22_prot.prm



Nano-Ignition

Available operations:

- 3D representation of inputted molecules
- Assignment of force field parameters
- Specification of distance constraints
- Specification of unit cell size
- Change of force field parameters
- Addition of hydrogen atoms
- Addition of solvent
- Deletion, insertion, and substitution of molecules
- Copy of molecule,
- Movement of molecules
- Addition of chemical bonds and so on (see document)

A set of input files for MODYLAS

Calculation condition file

.mddef



Coordinate file

.mdxyz



Force field file

.mdff



Sorry, skip detail in this lecture. See Appendix.



Outline of MODYLAS

MODYLAS: MOlecular DYnamics simulation software for LArge Systems

Algorithm	Molecular dynamics calculation
Language	Fortran 77&90
Compiler	frtpx (Fujitsu), ifort (intel), pgf90 (PGI)
Parallelization	MPI/OpenMP/SIMD hybrid
Force field	CHARMM with CMAP [AMBER/OPLS]
Ensemble	NVE, NVT (Nose-Hoover), isotropic NPT (Nose-Anderson), [anisotropic NPT (Nose-Parinello-Rahman)]
Numerical integration	RESPA
Constraint dynamics	SHAKE/ROLL, RATTLE/ROLL
Coulomb interaction	Fast multipole method(FMM), [Particle mesh Ewald method]

Contents in [...] will be supported in future version.

License

- User registration system
- Prohibition of redistribution of both source and binary codes
- Obligation of literature citation
[J. Chem. Theory Comp., 9, 3201-3209 (2013)]
- Prohibition of publication of benchmark result without permission
- Obligation of feedback of source code improvement to authors

More detail is described under “Download” tag at www.modylas.org
Japanese license text is included at the beginning of Reference manual (Jpn).

The screenshot shows the MODYLAS website interface. At the top left, the MODYLAS logo is displayed. Below it, the text reads "MODYLAS MOlecular DYnamics software for LArge System". A navigation bar contains buttons for HOME, OVERVIEW, DOWNLOAD, DOCUMENTATION, RELEASE NOTES, FORUMS, LITERATURE, DEVELOPERS, CONTACT, and LINKS. The main content area shows the breadcrumb "Home » MODYLAS Software Program License Agreement ...". The title of the page is "MODYLAS Software Program License Agreement (2014/04/14)". The text below the title states: "MODYLAS Copyright Administrator (the 'Licensor'), representing all the members listed in Exhibit 1 (the 'Copyright Holders') who are the copyright holders of MODYLAS (the 'Program'), grants to a person which is identified in the application page (the 'Licensee') the right to use the Program in accordance with the terms and the conditions of this MODYLAS Software Program License Agreement (this 'Agreement') free of charge." Below this, the section "Article 1 (Definition)" is shown, with the first item starting: "1. 'Commercial use' means, including but not limited to, selling MODYLAS for a fee MODYLAS, doing consulting and contract calculation for a fee by using MODYLAS, using MODYLAS for business directly. 'Non-commercial use' means the use of any other, including but not limited to, research and development in a for-profit company as well as academic use."



Download MODYLAS

MODYLAS
MOlecular DYnamics software for LArge System

www.modylas.org

HOME OVERVIEW DOWNLOAD DOCUMENTATION RELEASE NOTE FORUMS LITERATURE DEVELOPERS CONTACT LINKS

Home » MODYLAS

MODYLAS

VERSION: 0.9.0beta
COMMENT: work on the K-Computer

If you agree our license, please write your email address to send a URL for download, and then push the button.

Your personal information filled out below will be used to send MODYLAS news and report activities.

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Dear visitor,

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Please use the following link to download the files:

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This link will be accessible until Wed, 01/22/2014 - 13:31. If you need access after the link expires, don't hesitate to revisit the download page on

<http://www.modylas.org/>

After registration, e-mail in which download link is included will be sent. Click it for download.



MODYLAS: Folder branching

```
>tar xvfz MODYLAS_1.0.3.tar.gz
```

MODYLAS_1.0.3/

LICENSE.pdf	Software license document
source/	Source code folder
binary/	Precompiled binary folder
sample/	Input samples
document/	Manual and tutorial documents



MODYLAS: Compilation

Go to untar-zipped source folder

```
>cd MODYLAS_1.0.3/source/
```

Set compilation environment

```
>./configure --with-kind-fortran-compiler=FC
```

Compilation

FC=(K FX10 INTEL PGI)	
-----------------------	--

```
>make
```

```
./src/modylas
```

will be created.

K	: K computer
FX10	: FX10
INTEL	: Intel compiler
PGI	: PGI compiler

Pre-compiled binary is available in this lecture by

```
>source /opt/MateriApps/modylas/modylasvars.sh      psi
>source /home/materiapps/modylas/modylasvars.sh    phi
```



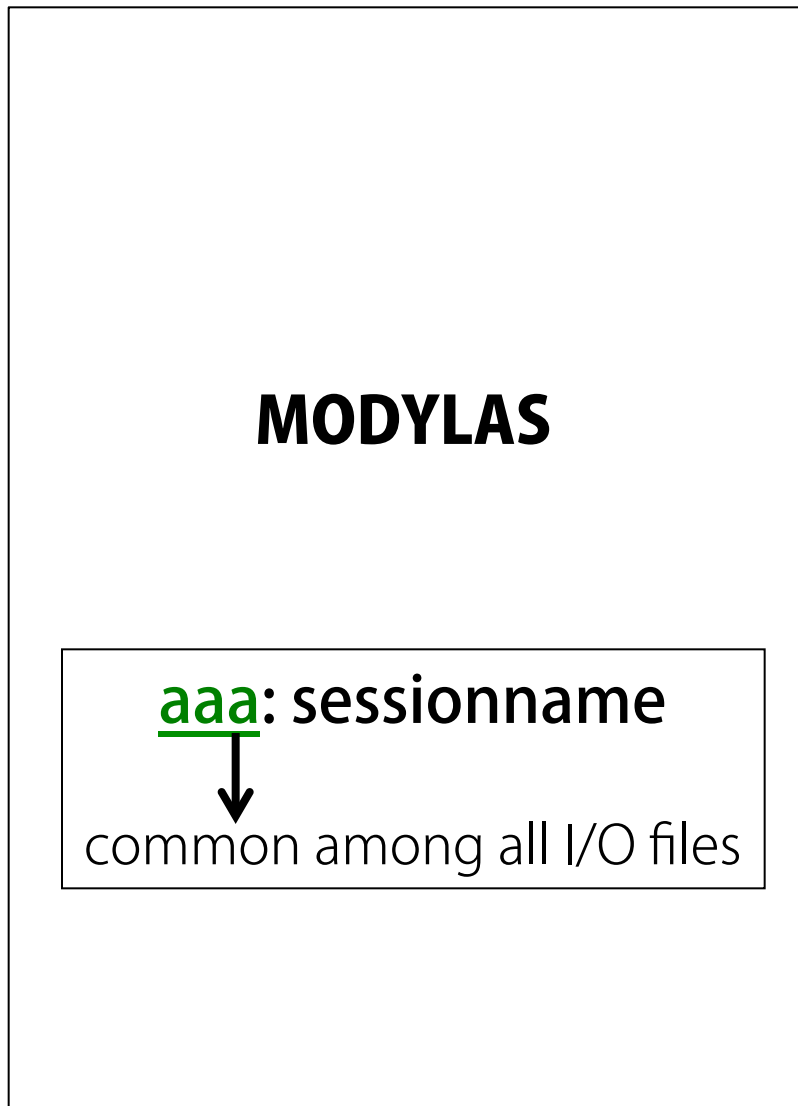
MODYLAS: I/O structure

A set of input files
for MODYLAS

Calculation
condition file
aaa.mddef

Coordinate file
aaa.mdxyz

Force field file
aaa.mdff



.bin : binary files

Execution information
stdout

Monitoring file
aaa.mdmntr

File for restart
aaa.restart.bin, or
aaa.restart.asc

File for analysis
aaa.mdtrj.bin, or
aaa.dcd

Run time information
aaa.mdrun



MODYLAS: Execution

Execution style:

```
./modylas sessionname
```

Go to the folder where a set of input files exists

```
>cd water/
```

Link executable binary to current directory

```
>ln -s ../../source/src/modylas ./
```

not necessary in this lecture

Parallel execution (ex. 8 mpi x 1 omp)

```
>export OMP_NUM_THREADS=1
```

```
>mpirun -np 8 ./modylas water
```

```
Sample shell script 'auto.sh'  
for psi, phi is prepared
```



Limitation of execution

MODYLAS_1.0.3 (27th, Jan. 2015) has the following limitation of execution.

✓Cubic unit cell

✓Periodic boundary condition

✓MPI & OpenMP hybrid parallelization

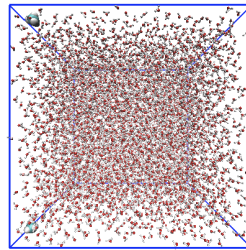
of MPI processes*: 2^n ($0 \leq n$)

of OMP threads: no limitation

✓# of division of unit cell along axis = 2^k
(uniform division only, and $3 \leq k \leq 6$)

✓Divided unit cell length $> 0.5 * \text{LJ cut off radius}$

$$L/\text{ncell} > 0.5 * \text{cutoff}$$

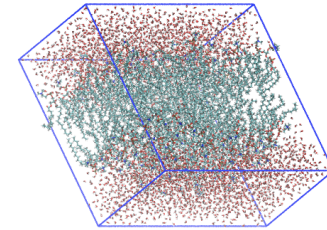


2.0.0

Rectangular
unit cell

2.X.0

Parallelepiped
unit cell



2.0.0

$2^n * 3^m$ ($0 \leq n, 0 \leq m$)

2.0.0

$2^k * 3^l$ (nonuniform division)

* Addition of `-DONEPROC_AXIS` to `src/Makefile` is required.

Format of MODYLAS input files

Ascii files:

- tag expression <xxxx> </xxxx>
 xxxx is given **keyword** → see also Appendix of Reference manual
- Nested tag structure is available <xxxx> <yyyy> ... </yyyy> </xxxx>
- Set value to **variable** by “variable = value”
- A comment is followed by “#”

ex) mddef

```

<output>
# dcd=yes
  <trajectory> start=0 interval=1000 </trajectory>
# <trjdcd> start=0 interval=1000 </trjdcd>
  <restart> start=0 interval=10000 </restart>
  <monitor> start=0 interval=1 </monitor>
</output>

```

commented out

output mdtrj.bin for every 1000 steps

output mdxyz.bin for every 10000 steps

output .mdmnr for every 1 step

Binary files: unformatted

- mdxyz.bin, and restart.bin has just same data structure



Input file (1) mddef

sessionname.mddef

File on which calculation conditions are described

Tag keywords (ver 1.0.0)

name	Meaning	Lower tags and variables
<output>	Output related information	<monitor>, <trajectory>, <restart>, <trjdcd>, ascii, dcd
<integrator>	Numerical integration conditions	<multiple time step>, <shake>, dt, steps
<ensemble>	Ensemble related information	<thermostat>, <barostat>, ensemble, temperature, pressure, velocity_scaling
<intermolecular interaction>	LJ and Coulomb interaction related information	<two body>, <fmm>, <pme>, cutoff, LJcorrection, ncell, type, ULswitch, sterm, nmax
<mpi>	MPI conditions	division, nxdiv, nydiv, nzdiv
<COM>	Thermodynamic integration	constrain_COM, dist_COM, change_distCOM, deltaR, groupAtop, groupAend, groupBtop, groupBend



Input file (2) mdxyz

sessionname.mdxyz

File on which atom coordinates and velocities, cell dimension, and thermostat/barostat information are described

Tag keywords (ver. 1.0.0)

Name	Meaning	Lower tags and variables
<atom>	Atom trajectories	<positions>, <velocities>
<thermostat>	Thermostat trajectory	nthermostat, <positions>, <velocities>
<barostat>	Barostat trajectory	mbarostat, <positions>, <velocities>
<periodic cell>	Unit cell dimension and its velocity information	<length>, <angle>, <vboxg>

sessionname.mdxyz.bin

binary file of .mdxyz



Input files (3) mdff

sessionname.mdff

File on which molecule content of system, FF parameters, constraint conditions, and segment information are described

Tag keywords (ver. 1.0.0)

Name	Meaning	Lower tags and variables
<forcefield>	Kind of force field	type, CMAPVersion
<system>	Molecule content	
<topology and parameters>	Topology and FF parameter information for each molecule species	nspecies, <species>, id, natom, <mass>, <shake pair>, <charge>, <epsilon>, <r>, <bond>, <angle>, <ub>, <dihedral>, <itorsion>, <CMAP>, <segment>, nbond, nangle, nub, ndihedral, nitorsion, ncmmap, nsegments

sessionname.mdff.bin

binary file of .mdff

Output file (1) stdout

```

nprocs=      8
nomp =       1
MODYLAS version=1.0.3
Input version=1.0.0
natom=     13284
mdxyz.bin read end successfully!
npara=      8
input,nvoid=    6
input,nljsp=    0
input,nclsp=    0
mdff.bin read end successfully!
LJ correction term is off
FMM is selected
nmax=       4
lgflg=      0
ewald sterm is off
mddef read end successfully!
MPI auto division
nxdiv,nydiv,nzdiv=    2    2    2
No position constrain

##### PSHAKE info. #####
Pshake appllied:    1 /    1

*****
Modylas normally ended!
*****

```

of MPI processes

of OMP threads

Total number of atoms

LJ and Coulomb interaction
condition

3D configuration of MPI processes
(8 processes in total)

Successful completion signal



Output file (2) mdmnr

sessionname.mdmnr

File on which mechanical and thermodynamic properties, and cell dimension are plotted as a function of time

Ex) Optimization of initial structure

```
## water_opt.mdmnr -- monitor variables output from MD calculation by modylas
#
# datas below are formatted as:
# step      time      Hamiltonian      potential-E      kinetic-E      total energy      temperature      volume
pressure    box-length(x)  box-length(y)  box-length(z)
#           [sec]      [J/cell]        [J/cell]         [J/cell]         [J/cell]         [K]             [m3]             [Pa]
#           [m]         [m]             [m]
#
      1  1.000000000000E-15  8.634745670798E-15  8.634745670798E-15  0.000000000000E+00  8.634745670798E-15
0.000000000000E+00  1.406080000000E-25  0.000000000000E+00  5.200000000000E-09  5.200000000000E-09
5.200000000000E-09
      2  2.000000000000E-15  1.449528625793E-15  1.449528625793E-15  0.000000000000E+00  1.449528625793E-15
0.000000000000E+00  1.406080000000E-25  0.000000000000E+00  5.200000000000E-09  5.200000000000E-09
5.200000000000E-09
```

- **Format with which data can be directory plotted by gnuplot**

> plot 'water_opt.mdmnr u 1:4 w l

of step : potential-E



Output file (3) restart

sessionname.restart.bin File for restart (binary)

sessionname.restart.asc File for restart (ascii)

.asc is created only when .mddef contains <output> ascii=yes </output>

How to restart using binary files :

```
>cp a00.mddef a01.mddef  
>ln -s a00.restart.bin a01.mdxyz.bin  
>ln -s a00.mdff a01.mdff  
>./modylas a01
```

Recommended

How to restart using ascii files :

```
>cp a00.mddef a01.mddef  
>ln -s a00.restart.asc a01.mdxyz  
>ln -s a00.mdff a01.mdff  
>./modylas a01
```

Output file (4) mdtrj.bin

sessionname.mdtrj.bin

trajectory file for analysis

Enough amount of trajectories are needed for good statistics

$$\langle A \rangle_{N,V,T} = \frac{\int A(\mathbf{r}^N) \exp\left(-\frac{U(\mathbf{r}^N)}{k_B T}\right) d\mathbf{r}^N}{\int \exp\left(-\frac{U(\mathbf{r}^N)}{k_B T}\right) d\mathbf{r}^N}$$

.mddef

<trajectory>

start=0 interval=100

</trajectory>

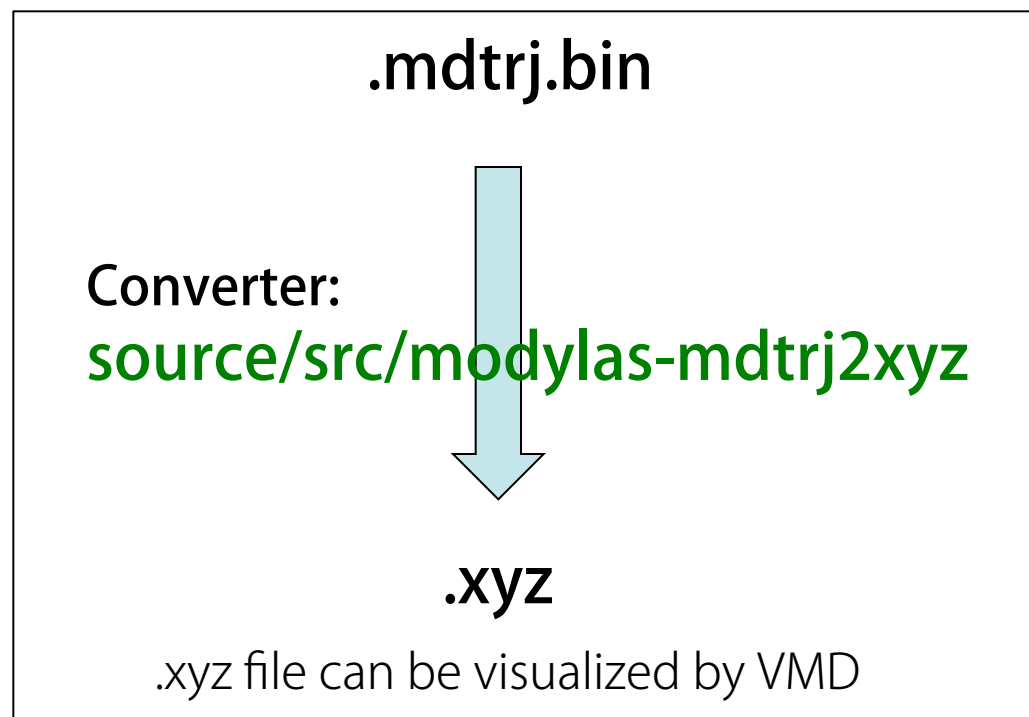
<condition>

dt=1.0e-15

steps=10000

</condition>

Total 10000 MD steps with $\Delta t=1\text{fs}$.
 "interval=100" means mdtrj.bin is updated by every 100 steps





Output file (5) mdrun

sessionname.mdrun

Run time information

```
## water_opt.mdrun -- run time information of MD calculation by modylas
#
step:          100
CPU time:      59.000000 [sec]
for MD:        57.767149 [sec]
time/step:     0.577671 [sec/step]
```

} Present # of MD steps
} Time elapsed by program with I/O
} Time elapsed for MD
} Time elapsed for one MD step



From this value, guess time to be elapsed by new job.

Visualization of MD calculation results

Newly supported from modylas_1.0.3

sessionname.dcd Trajectory file in dcd format (binary)

.dcd file is widely used in biophysical MD calculations. Other MD software (CHARMM, NAMD, etc.), and input generator software (VMD) support reading/outputting .dcd file.

Q. How to output dcd file from modylas?

A. Add following two lines in .mddef

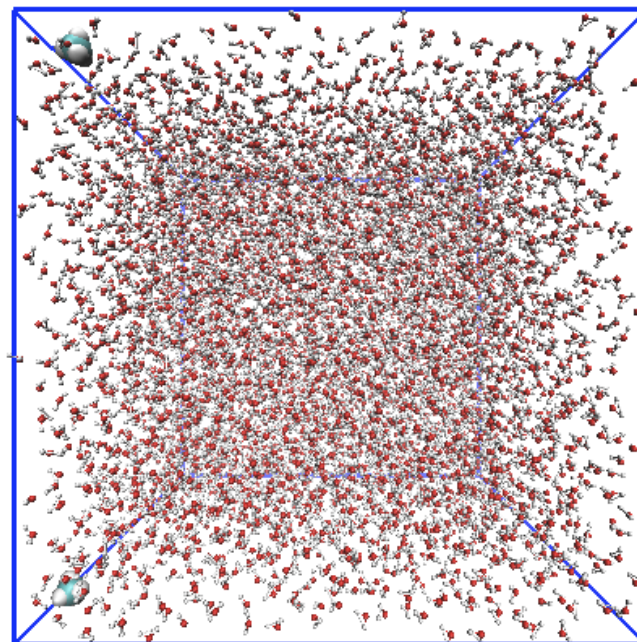
```
<output>  
dcd=yes           * default : no  
<trjdcd> start=0 interval=100 </trjdcd>  
</output>
```

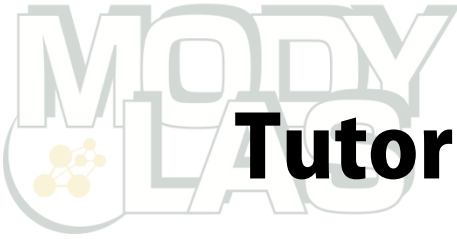
Visualization of trajectory using VMD:

Required files

- .dcd file
- .pdb file
- .psf file for analysis (optional)

```
>vmd system.pdb result.dcd
```





Tutorial : Equilibration of bulk water

(1) Log in to psi or phi

(2) Set environment for modylas execution

```
>source /opt/MateriApps/modylas/modylasvars-1.0.3-1.sh      psi  
>source /home/materiapps/modylas/modylasvars.sh          phi
```

(3) Copy sample inputs to current directory

```
>cp -r /opt/wakate/modylas/water/ ./                      psi  
>cp -r /opt/wakate/modylas/water/ ./                      phi
```



Tutorial : Equilibration of bulk water

(4) Execute sample shell

```
>cd water/
>sh auto.sh
```

auto.sh for psi

8procs x 1thread

```
#!/bin/sh
#PBS -l nodes=1:ppn=8
#PBS -q small
#PBS -N wat_opt-nvt-npt
#PBS -j oe
source /opt/MateriApps/modylas/modylasvars-1.0.3-1.sh
```

```
export OMP_NUM_THREADS=1
export PARALLEL=1
cd $PBS_O_WORKDIR
```

optimization

```
mpexec -np $PBS_NP modylas water_opt
```

NVT ensemble
5,000 steps

```
cp water.mddef_for_nvt water_nvt.mddef
ln -s water_opt.mdff water_nvt.mdff
ln -s water_opt.restart.bin water_nvt.mdxyz.bin
mpexec -np $PBS_NP modylas water_nvt
```

auto.sh for phi
is a little different,
but content is same

NPT ensemble
10,000 steps

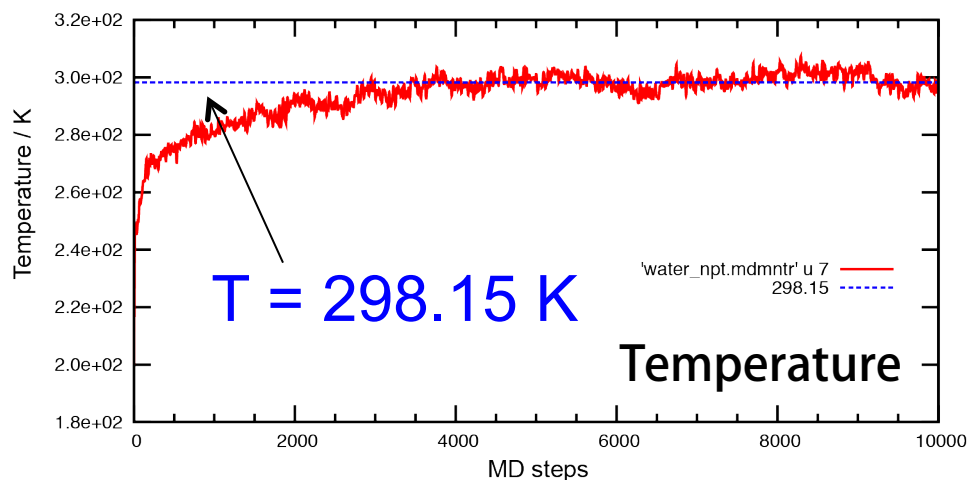
```
cp water.mddef_for_npt water_npt.mddef
ln -s water_opt.mdff water_npt.mdff
ln -s water_nvt.restart.bin water_npt.mdxyz.bin
mpexec -np $PBS_NP modylas water_npt
```

Tutorial : Equilibration of bulk water

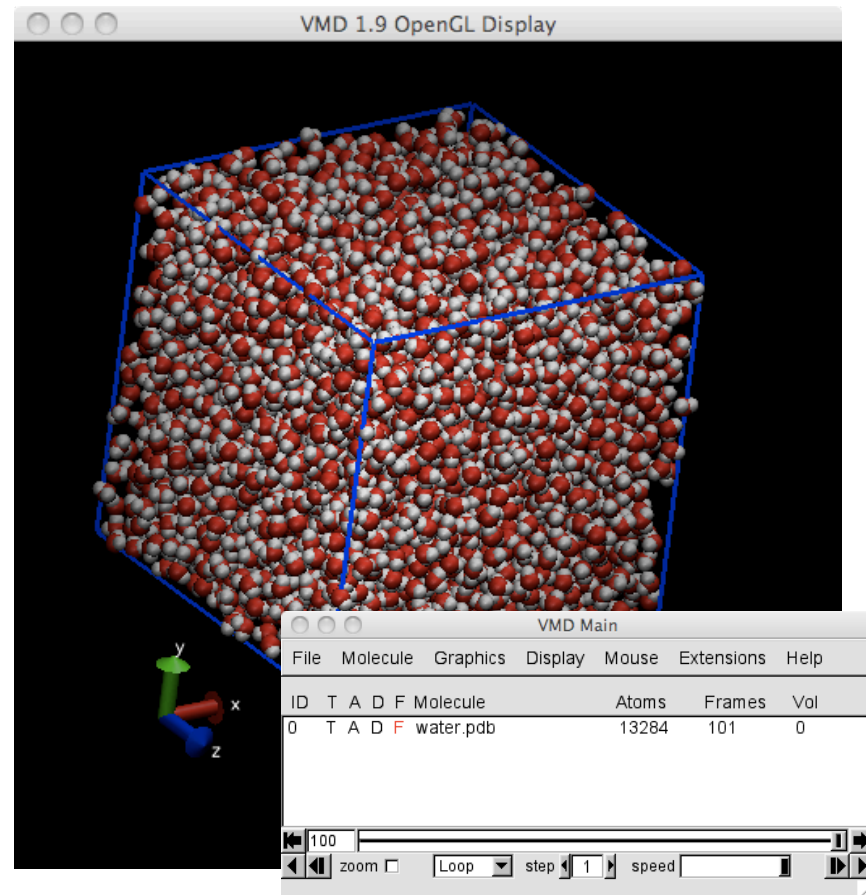
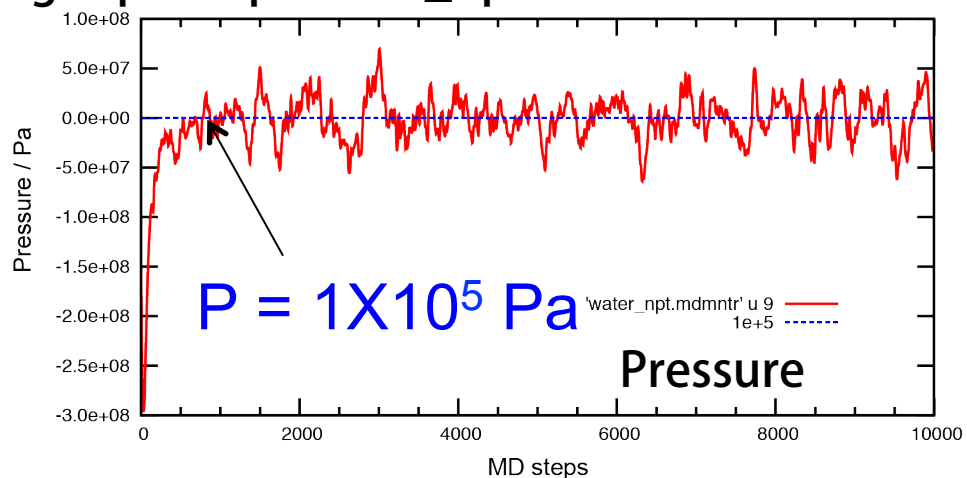
(5) View result

NPT ensemble
10,000 steps

```
gnuplot> p 'water_npt.mdmntr' u 7
```



```
gnuplot> p 'water_npt.mdmntr' u 9
```



```
>vmd water.pdb water_npt.dcd
```

```
Tk console> pbc box -center origin
```



Appendix



Nano-Ignition: folder branching

```
>tar xvfz ignition-2.2.20.tar.gz
```

```
ignition-2.2.20/
```

```
configure ./configure script
```

```
ignition/ source code folder (*.c, *.h)
```

```
document/ document
```

```
template/ template of output files
```

```
addhydrogen/ optional code folder to add hydrogen atoms
```

```
solvent/ optional code folder to add solvent
```

```
copyMolecule/ optional code folder to copy molecule
```

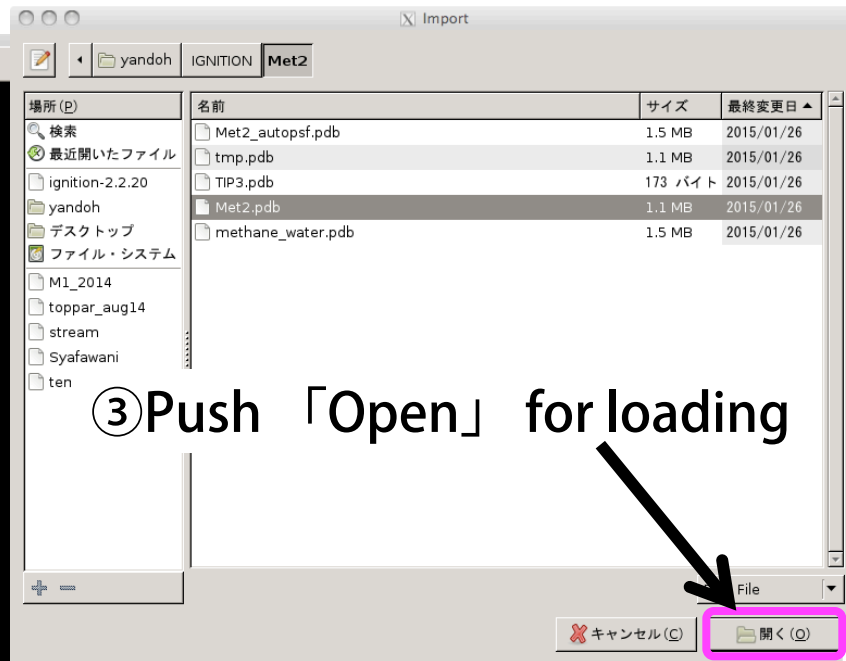
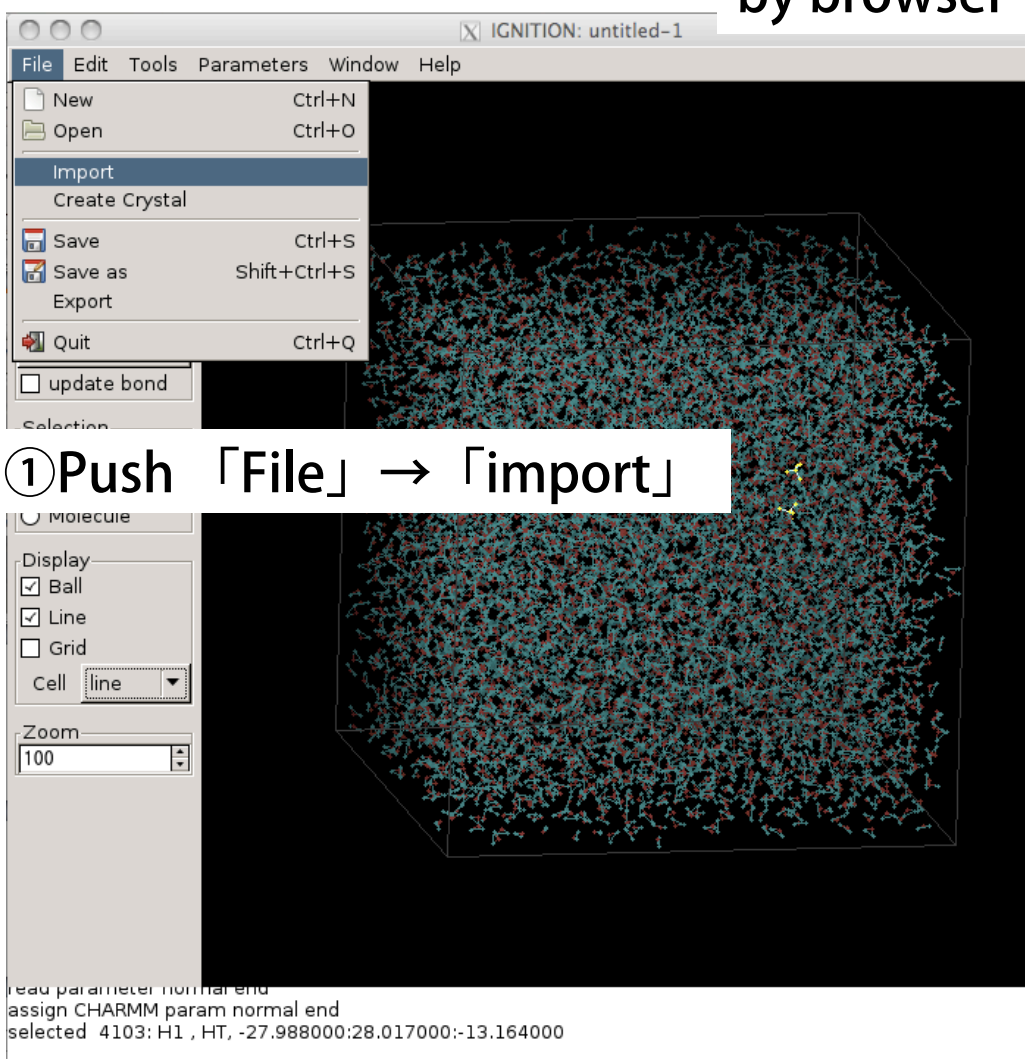
```
⋮
```



How to use Nano-Ignition (1)

Load .pdb file

② Push 「import」, then select .pdb file by browser



Select
 /opt/wakate/modylas/
 water/water.pdb
 in this lecture.
 (water 4428 molecules)



How to use Nano-Ignition (2)

Load topology and parameter files

① Push 「Preference」

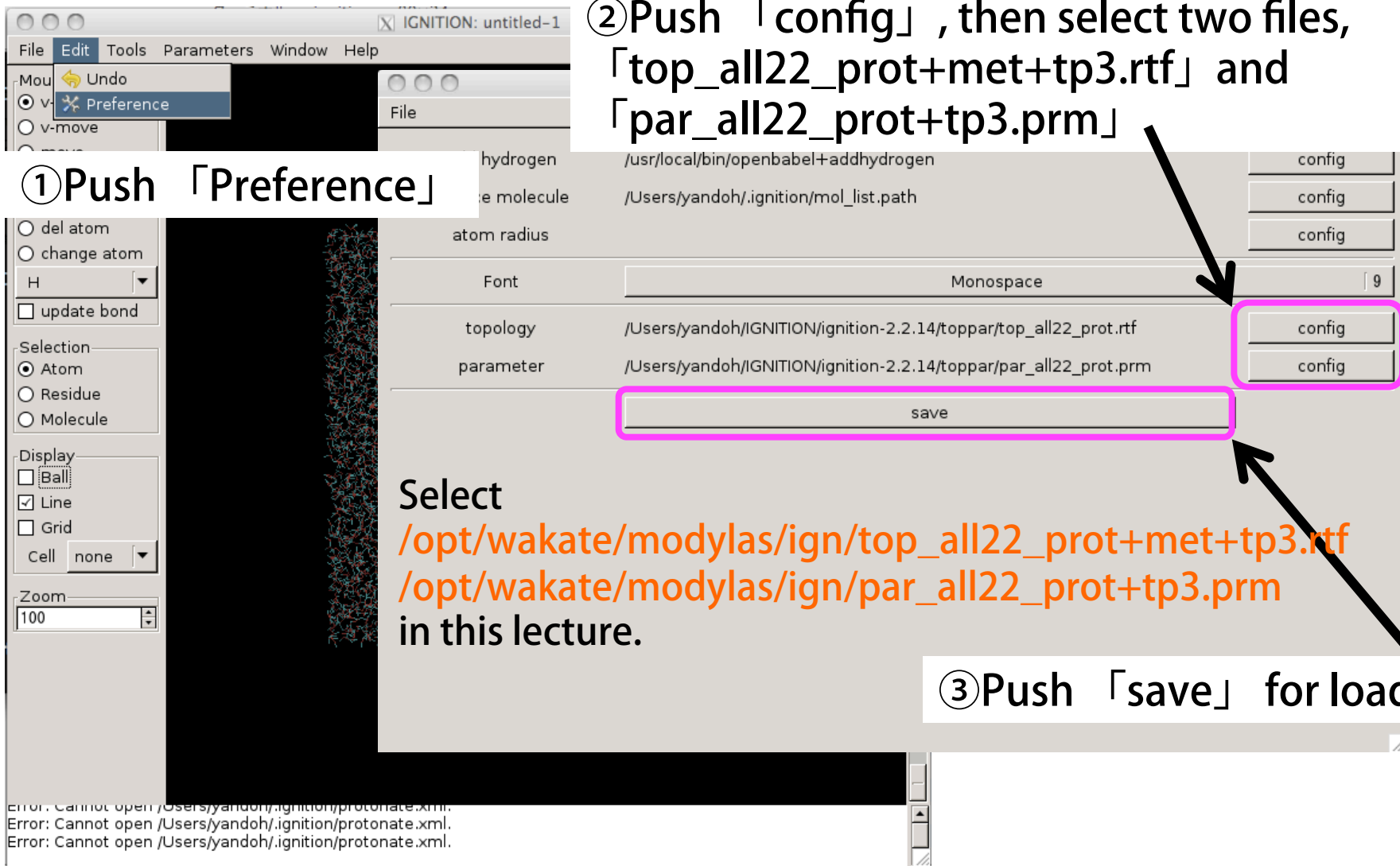
② Push 「config」, then select two files, 「top_all22_prot+met+tp3.rtf」 and 「par_all22_prot+tp3.prm」

Select

[/opt/wakate/modylas/ign/top_all22_prot+met+tp3.rtf](#)
[/opt/wakate/modylas/ign/par_all22_prot+tp3.prm](#)

in this lecture.

③ Push 「save」 for loading





How to use Nano-Ignition (3)

Assign force field parameters

IGNITION: untitled-1

File Edit Tools Parameters Window Help

Assign
Change parameter
Reanalyze structure

① Push 「Assign」

read parameter normal end
assign CHARMM param normal end
selected 4103: H1, HT, -27.988000:28.017000:-13.164000

FF parameters are loaded from topology and parameter files

$$\begin{aligned}
 U_{\text{tot}} = & \sum_{\text{bonds}} K_b (b - b_0)^2 + \sum_{\text{angles}} K_\theta (\theta - \theta_0)^2 + \sum_{\text{ub}} K_{ub} (s - s_0)^2 \\
 & + \sum_{\text{dihedrals}} K_\phi [1 + \cos(n\phi - \delta)] + \sum_{\text{impropers}} K_\psi (\psi - \psi_0)^2 \\
 & + \sum_{\text{nonbonds}} \epsilon_{ij} \left[\left(\frac{R_{ij}}{r_{ij}} \right)^{12} - 2 \left(\frac{R_{ij}}{r_{ij}} \right)^6 \right] + \frac{q_i q_j}{r_{ij}}
 \end{aligned}$$

How to use Nano-Ignition (4)

Check whether FF parameters are assigned or not

Kinds of FF parameters
(bond, angle, etc.)

① Push 「Change parameter」

Content of system

② Check result summary.
「unknown=0」 must be realized for all tags

Assigned FF parameter values

ID	atom	rid	residue	number	type	basis	mass	R/2	ϵ	R ₁₄	ϵ_{14}	charge	group
0	C1	0	METH	6	CT3	???	12.0110	2.0600	-0.0800	1.9000	-0.0100	-0.3600	0
1	H11	0	METH	1	HA	???	1.0080	1.3200	-0.0220	1.3200	-0.0220	0.0900	0
2	H12	0	METH	1	HA	???	1.0080	1.3200	-0.0220	1.3200	-0.0220	0.0900	0
3	H13	0	METH	1	HA	???	1.0080	1.3200	-0.0220	1.3200	-0.0220	0.0900	0
4	H14	0	METH	1	HA	???	1.0080	1.3200	-0.0220	1.3200	-0.0220	0.0900	0



How to use Nano-Ignition (5)

Export a set of inputs for MODYLAS

② Push here to select template file (*.tpt)

① Push 「Export」

③ Select each template file in `/opt/wakate/modylas/ign/` folder:
 mdff-1.0.0.tpt (for .mdff)
 mdxyz-1.0.0.tpt (for .mdxyz)
 mddef-1.0.0.tpt (for .mddef)

④ Push here to assign output file

⑤ Determine file name and place to be exported

⑥ Push 「save」

場所 (P)	名前	サイズ	最終変更日
検索			
最近開いたファイル			
ignition-2.2.20			
yandoh			
デスクトップ			
ファイル・システム			
M1_2014			
toppar_aug14			
stream			
Syafawani			
template			
	check100c.mdff.shake	4.3 kB	木曜日
	check100c.mdxyz	2.2 MB	木曜日
	check100c.mddef	1.7 kB	木曜日
	check100b.mdff	4.3 kB	木曜日
	check100b.mddef	1.5 kB	木曜日
	check100.mdxyz	1.1 MB	水曜日
	check100.mdff.shake	4.3 kB	水曜日
	check100.mddef	831 バイト	水曜日
	check100.mdff.noshake	4.5 kB	水曜日
	Met2_autopsf.log	1.5 MB	2015/01/26
	Met2_autoopf.pdb	1.5 MB	2015/01/26



Nano-Ignition: I/O structure

Molecule coordinate file

.pdb

Ex) water.pdb



CHARMM

Topology file

Ex) top_all22_prot.rtf



CHARMM

Parameter file

Ex) par_all22_prot.prm



Nano-Ignition

Available operations:

- 3D representation of inputted molecules
- Assignment of force field parameters
- Specification of distance constraints
- Specification of unit cell size
- Change of force field parameters
- Addition of hydrogen atoms
- Addition of solvent
- Deletion, insertion, and substitution of molecules
- Copy of molecule,
- Movement of molecules
- Addition of chemical bonds and so on (see document)

A set of input files for MODY LAS

Calculation condition file

.mddef



Coordinate file

.mdxyz

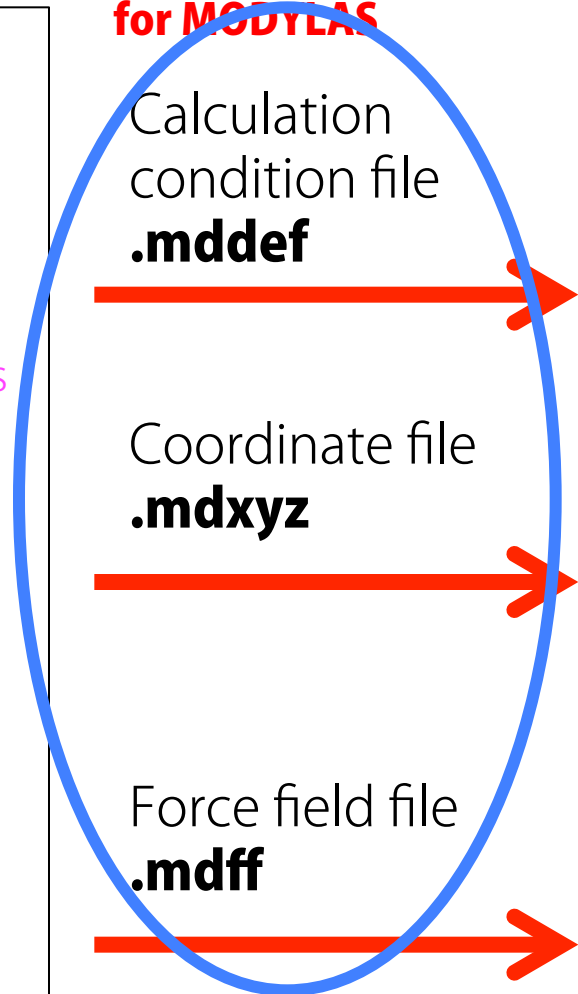


Force field file

.mdff



End ignition after output these files



Questions and request to Nano-Ignition/MODYLAS

Nano-Ignition:

Kensuke Iwasahi, Technical associate, Institute for
Molecular Science (IMS)

E-mail: iwahashi@ims.ac.jp

MODYLAS:

Submit questions and request to Forum on Web page

<http://www.modylas.org/forum>

Direct e-mail to Y.A. is unfavorable.